Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2005

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	All Parts	7,690	28.9	7	4.5
private industry	1 Neck- Including Throat	90	0.3	3	23.8
private industry	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	90	0.3	3	23.8
private industry	2 Trunk	5,650	21.3	7	4.8
private industry	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	780	2.9	13	8.9
private industry	22 Chest- including ribs- internal organs	60	0.2	4	29.3
private industry	220 Chest- except internal location of diseases or disorders	60	0.2	4	29.3
private industry	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	4,060	15.3	6	5.1
private industry	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	1,790	6.7	7	6.5
private industry	231 Lumbar region	2,100	7.9	6	6.2
private industry	232 Thoracic region	110	0.4	5	22.3
private industry	238 Multiple back regions	60	0.2	1	28.9
private industry	24 Abdomen	450	1.7	15	11.2
private industry	240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	90	0.4	2	23.5
private industry	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	190	0.7	25	16.8
private industry	245 Intestines- peritoneum	170	0.6	14	17.6
private industry	2453 Large intestine/colon- rectum	150	0.6	10	18.9
private industry	25 Pelvic region	140	0.5	5	19.4
private industry	251 Hip(s)	40	0.2	11	34.3
private industry	254 Groin	100	0.4	4	23.2
private industry	28 Multiple trunk locations	150	0.6	20	18.5
private industry	3 Upper extremities	1,200	4.5	7	7.5
private industry	31 Arm(s)	570	2.1	5	10.2
private industry	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	270	1.0	2	14.1
private industry	311 Upper arm(s)	130	0.5	17	20.4
private industry	312 Elbow(s)	110	0.4	5	22.2
private industry	313 Forearm(s)	20	0.1	30	50.3
private industry	318 Multiple arm(s) locations	40	0.2	5	35.4
private industry	32 Wrist(s)	500	1.9	13	10.7
private industry	33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	50	0.2	8	33.6
private industry	34 Finger(s)- fingernail(s)	40	0.2	2	35.1
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See footnotes at end of table

Table 2+A78. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	38 Multiple upper extremities locations	50	0.2	12	32.2
private industry	382 Hand(s) and wrist(s)	30	0.1	12	43.3
private industry	4 Lower extremities	500	1.9	8	10.7
private industry	41 Leg(s)	480	1.8	8	10.9
private industry	412 Knee(s)	430	1.6	5	11.5
private industry	413 Lower leg(s)	30	0.1	8	42.0
private industry	8 Multiple Body Parts	230	0.9	11	15.3
state government	All Parts	460	30.9	4	9.2
state government	2 Trunk	380	25.8	3	10.0
state government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	60	4.0	3	23.8
state government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	300	20.1	4	11.1
state government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	80	5.4	6	20.5
state government	231 Lumbar region	180	12.0	2	14.0
state government	238 Multiple back regions	20	1.6	7	37.2
state government	3 Upper extremities	30	1.7	4	35.8
state government	8 Multiple Body Parts	40	2.6	5	29.2
local government	All Parts	1,070	31.0	6	6.4
local government	2 Trunk	890	25.7	5	6.8
local government	20 Trunk- unspecified	20	0.6	4	35.0
local government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	90	2.5	10	16.9
local government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	680	19.8	5	7.3
local government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	210	6.1	5	11.4
local government	231 Lumbar region	430	12.4	7	8.6
local government	232 Thoracic region	30	0.9	3	27.1
local government	24 Abdomen	40	1.1	20	24.8
local government	25 Pelvic region	40	1.2	3	24.5
local government	254 Groin	30	0.9	3	28.3
local government	3 Upper extremities	90	2.7	16	16.5
local government	31 Arm(s)	20	0.5	9	36.9
local government	32 Wrist(s)	30	0.8	14	28.7
local government	33 Hand(s)- except finger(s)	20	0.7	69	31.4

See footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for North Carolina, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
local government	4 Lower extremities 41 Leg(s) 412 Knee(s) 8 Multiple Body Parts	40 30 20 50	1.1 0.9 0.7 1.4	6 8 6 8	25.2 27.8 32.4 22.7

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November 2006

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.